

THE BIBLICAL DOCTRINE OF HELL

Biblical Descriptions

- Matthew 13:50 _____
- Matthew 25:41 _____
- Matthew 25:46 _____
- Mark 9:43-48 _____
- II Thess. 1:8-9 _____
- Jude 7 _____
- Rev. 14:10-11 _____
- Rev. 21:8 _____

I. Hell is not _____ or _____.

- A. Death in the Bible means _____,
not cessation of being. James 2:26
- B. A person is not annihilated in hell.
Compare Rev. 19:20 with Rev. 20:10

II. Hell is _____.

- A. The words used to describe the duration of
hell are the same words used:
1. To teach an attribute of God.
Romans 16:26 _____

Hebrews 9:14 _____
Rev. 1:18 _____
 2. To express the abiding presence of the
Holy Spirit. (John 14:16)
 3. To describe the gift of God.
Romans 6:23 _____

B. The Holy Spirit uses the same word to describe the _____ of the punishment of the wicked in hell and the _____ of life of the righteous in heaven.

III. Hell is not _____ with God's Justice, but is rather a _____ of His Justice.

A. The penalty of sin is death - eternal separation. The primary aim of this penalty is not the _____ of the offender but to satisfy the _____ of God's justice.

• God's Attributes

1. _____: His holiness requires perfection.

2. _____: His justice demands punishment for all who fall short of His righteousness.

3. _____: His mercy pleads for life.

4. _____: His love provided a substitute.

B. It's not the punishment, but the _____ - _____ of sin that calls God's justice into question.

IV. The Preaching of Hell is not a Hindrance to the Gospel, but is the main Reason for its Success.

A. It is a _____ for people to come to Christ.

B. It motivates the believer to _____ men to come to Christ. (II Corinthians 5:11)