

God's Wonderful Book

I. Revelation

- A. Definition: The act of God whereby He communicates truth about himself to man which man could not otherwise know.
- B. There are two kinds of revelation . . .
1. _____ revelation
Romans 1:19, 20
 2. _____ (supernatural) revelation
Deuteronomy 29:29

II. Inspiration

- A. Definition: The act of God whereby He, through the Holy Spirit, guided the individual human authors of the Bible, enabling them to compose and record without error His own revelation in the words of the autographs.
- B. Verses on Inspiration
1. II Timothy 3:16
 - “*inspiration*”: _____
Psalm 33:6
 - “*Is profitable*”: _____
 2. II Peter 1:21

Scripture came to us:

 - “*not by the will of man*”; Scripture did not _____ with or in man.
 - “*holy men*”: men _____ for a specific service or purpose.
 - “*moved by*”: _____

III. Preservation

A. Definition: The work of God whereby, through sovereign providence, He has kept the words of the original autographs intact down through the ages so that we have the Word of God today.

B. Verses on Preservation

1. Psalm 12:6-7

- “*pure words*”: _____
- “*tried, Purified*”: _____
- “*seven*”: the number of _____
- “*keep*”: guard and protect
- “*preseve*”: _____

2. Psalm 119:152; Matthew 24:35; I Peter 1:23

IV. Illumination

A. Definition: The act of God whereby He, through the indwelling Holy Spirit, makes the Word of God understandable to the yielded child of God.

B. Verses on Illumination

1. Psalm 119:18; Luke 24:45

2. I Cor. 2:9-14

- “*revealed*”: _____
- “*know*”: _____
- “*teacheth*”: _____

Summary:

- Revelation has to do with the _____ of the truth.
- Inspiration has to do with the _____ of the truth.
- Preservation has to do with the _____ of the truth.
- Illumination has to do with the _____ of the truth.